

THE PEOPLE'S JOURNAL.

Vol. 4.

PICKENS, S. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1894.

H. O. BOWEN, L. E. CHILDRESS,
BOWEN & CHILDRESS,
Attorneys at Law,
Pickens, S. C.
Oct. 5, 1893.

B. A. MORGAN, Lawyer, Greenville,
S. C. Practices in all Courts. Es-
pecial attention given to Pickens County
cases.
Jan. 7, '92.

D. R. J. W. NORWOOD, Dentist, Dr.
W. M. Norwood, Assistant. Office,
88 1/2 Main Street, Greenville, S. C.
Jan. 8, '92.

D. R. J. P. CARLISLE, Dentist, Green-
ville, S. C. Office over Addison &
McGee's Drug Store.

D. R. J. F. WILLIAMS is now perma-
nently located at Pickens, and offers
his Professional Services to the people of
the town and surrounding country. Of-
fice and residence at the Griffin House,
Oct. 28-31

The Exchange Hotel,
GREENVILLE, S. C.
C. W. HENDERSON, Proprietor.
Modern Improvements. Large Rooms.
Special attention to Commercial Travel and
Tourists. Table Fare Unsurpassed.
Fine Climate the year round. Ap. 7, '9

J. E. HAGOOD, J. L. THORNEY, JR.,
L. C. THORNEY.
HAGOOD & THORNEY, BROS.,
Livery, Feed, Sale & Exchange Stables,
Easley and Pickens, S. C.
(Opposite Hotel.)
Carriages, Buggies, and Saddle Horses, at
reasonable rates.
Your patronage solicited.

ARTH. C. JARR, GEO. E. COOPER,
Clark & Cooper,
Dealers in
Marble and Granite Monuments,
TOMBSTONES, of every description!
Also, MANTELS, STATUARY, VASES,
and Wrought Iron FENCING, Greenville,
S. C. Sept. 19, '91.

Veterinary Surgeon.
Having an experience of fifteen
years in treating all diseases of cat-
tle, and having made the diseases of
Murrian, in all its forms a specialty,
I offer my services to the public.
Will treat cattle suffering with any
ordinary disease.
B. P. GRIFFIN,
Pickens, S. C.
Sept. 2.

Drugs! Drugs!

I HAVE on hand at all times a full line
of pure DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TO-
ILET ARTICLES, FANCY GOODS, ES-
PERFUMERY, FINE STATIONERY.
A large stock of COUGH SYRUPS that
will cure your Coughs and Colds.
A full line of DIAMINA EYE GLASSES
and SPECTACLES for your eyes. I will
fit you up so that it will be a pleasure for
you to read.
As it is now time to go to Gardening
come and see about.

Garden Seeds,
Will keep a full line on hand.
Then there are PAINTS and OILS in
full line—and every thing usually found in a
first-class Drug Store.
Physicians' Prescriptions carefully
compounded, day or night.
When you come to Easley give me a call.
Respectfully
C. N. Wyatt, M. D.
Quillian's Old Stand
Easley, S. C., Feb. 9, 1903. 1y

\$100 Reward

For the Merchant that gives you
more Goods for your money than I
will. Just notice the following prices:

Clothing—New Stock.
Youth's Suits at \$3.74
Do. do 4.75
Do. do 5.50
Men's do 4.75
Do. do 6.50
Do. do 7.00
and up to \$15.00.

Coffee 10 pounds to the dollar.
Cotton Checks 4 1/2 c. by the bolt.
34 Shirting 4 1/2 c. " " " " " "
Prints, all styles, from 4 1/2 to 6 c.
all colors 7 c.

Good Brogan Shoes 75 cents—other
Shoes in proportion.
A lot of Shoes, small and large
Nos., at cost.

Childrens course shoes 12 1/2 cents
per pair.
Jeans at 18, 20, 24 and 30 cents.
Can't be beat at the price.
I will buy your Int Cotton, Seed
Cotton, and Cotton Seed, at market
prices. Also, dry or green Hides.
Mr. C. H. Perkins and Richard T.
Hallum, are now with me, and will
be glad to meet their friends.
Respectfully,

J. H. Brown
Liberty, S. C., Oct. 12, 1893.

GO TO BACOT'S DRUG STORE

To Buy the best DRUGS, at the
lowest prices.

Full line of BLANK BOOKS, STA-
TIONERY and SCHOOL SUP-
PLIES.

Closing out our PAINTS, AT
COST!

A full line of ARTIST'S MAT-
RIALS.

D. T. BACOT & CO.,
West Greenville, S. C.
Oct. 5, 1893.—Cir.

Smith & Smith,

Is the Place for

CHEAP FURNITURE.

Split Bottom Chairs,
Cribs, Cradles,
Tables, Washstands,
Wardrobes,
Bureaus,
Bedsteads, Mattresses,
Carpets,
Coffins and Caskets,
Day and Night.
Telephone Nos. 61 and 38.
Night calls will be answered by Tele-
phone No. 38.

SMITH & SMITH,
63 and 65 Main Street, Greenville, S. C.

The Best and Largest
STOCK OF
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,
BOTH WHITE AND YELLOW-PINE,
CEILING, FLOORING, WEATH-
ERBOARDING, BOX-BOARDS,
WASH-BOARDS, PARTITION,
MOULDING, & C.

**HOT-BED SASH, 3 FEET BY
6 FEET, at \$1.75 Each.**

Please give us a call when you
need Building Material.

T. C. GOWER & SON,
101 Washington Street,
Oct. 19.

S. M. SNIDER,

Dealer in

Watches, Diamonds & Jewelry,

GREENVILLE, S. C.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

Oct. 19.—3m.

Freeman & Fergusons

—DEALERS IN—

All Kinds of Staple and

Fancy Groceries, Grain, Hay

and Feed.

We are making a SPEC-

IALTY of Flour, and can

certainly please as to quality

and price.

Our Christmas Goods are

arriving and we invite you to

call and see them.

Freeman & Fergusons

Corner Pendleton and River

Street,

Greenville, S. C.

OUR NEW IMPROVED SINGER
HIGH ARM, THIS STYLE, ONLY \$26.00.



WILLETTS & CO., PHILA., PA.
FITS CURED.
We will send a LARGE TRIAL, FREE by mail,
to any person suffering from
ANY LONGER. Give Post Office and Age plain.
MAIL CHEMICAL CO., 3800 Fairmount Ave., Phila., Pa.

NO LAGGING ALLOWED. OFFICERS MUST AID THE DISPENSARY LAW.

The enforcement of the new Dis-
pensary law is to begin with a vig-
or which will have wide effect and
which will result in violators feel-
ing the weight of justice before a
great while.

Every piece of legal machinery
in South Carolina must work to-
gether. There must be no lagging.
No rust will be allowed, and the
pieces must move together for the
benefit of one great whole.

This is what the State Board of
Control says, and the members are
in dead earnest.

Since the new law was passed the
fertile minds and vivid imagina-
tions of its opponents have been
at work to find means to override
its provisions; to find loop holes;
to encourage violations by picking
it to pieces, but every now scheme
is met with a counter move which
is not looked for.

One bright hope for violators was
that when they are brought to
trial they will find Trial Justices
in sympathy with them, and that
in the drawing of jurors it will be
their friends who will sit in judg-
ment on their cases.

Governor Tillman announces
that the Trial Justice who shows
prejudice in any way will be de-
capitated without warning and
that a man will be put in his place
who will administer the law with-
out feeling or friendship.

The Governor impresses this
fact on the Trial Justices in the
following important circular of
instructions which he has mailed
to every one of them:

"Columbia, Dec. 30, 1893.

"Under the Act approved De-
cember 23d, a copy of which is
herewith sent you, the duty will
largely devolve on Trial Justices of
enforcing the law. The statutes,
as construed by the Supreme Court,
require that criminal cases coming
within the jurisdiction of Trial
Justices shall be tried by a jury on
the demand of the defendant, oth-
erwise by the Trial Justice him-
self. Jurors are to be summoned
by the constable after six names
have been drawn from the list in
which eighteen names have been
placed by the constable. It will
be the duty of Trial Justices to see
that no names are put in the list
except those of men who will find
a verdict according to the evidence
and not perjure themselves through
prejudice against the law. Trial
Justices who do not act with
promptness and vigor and endeavor
to enforce the law may as well
send in their resignations, as no
negligence or favoritism will be
tolerated.

"Enclosed will be found a form
of search warrant, as well as a form
for beginning nuisance proceedings
under Section 22 of the Act.

"As it is impossible for State
constables to cover the entire ter-
ritory. Trial Justices are expect-
ed to see that their constables
seize all contraband liquor and
make arrests of parties breaking
the law as provided by the Act.
Every seizure thus made must be
reported to the State Commis-
sioner, who will send a certificate
for the shipment to him of the con-
traband liquor. For such work
constables will be paid a reason-
able fee upon reporting the facts to
the Governor.

"Special attention is directed to
Section 29, giving the right to ex-
amine suspicious packages.

"Trial Justices will every case
arrest and proceed against express
agents and railroad agents, or oth-
er railroad employees, who lay
themselves liable under the provi-
sions of the law. The right to
search without a warrant applies
only to places of business or public
places. In all cases where liquor
is believed to be in a private resi-
dence and is being sold, search
warrants must be issued. Persons
are not allowed to buy in other
States and bring into this State
any quantity greater than one gal-
lon.

"The searches must be confined
to depots, and no car will be enter-
ed to make search, unless by ex-
press orders of the Governor.

[B. R. TILLMAN, Governor.

THE SEARCH WARRANT.

The blank form for a search war-
rant, enclosed with the circular,
will be of interest inasmuch as it
has been prepared by the best le-
gal talent of the State. Every con-
stable or other officer will arm him-
self with one of these warrants be-
fore making seizures. The follow-
ing is the blank form:

SOUTH CAROLINA, _____ County.

Search Warrant.

To the Sheriff of the above County,
or any Constable:

Whereas, it appears to me—
a Trial Justice in and for the coun-
ty and State above named, by the
information of _____ that the fol-
lowing contraband intoxicating
liquors are now unlawfully in the
possession, storage, and keeping of
_____, and on the premises occupied
by _____ in the State and county
above named, the said place being
(Here describe it) in or near the
town or city of _____ and that
the said _____ hath probable cause
to believe and is informed and
doth believe, that the said contra-
band liquors so illegally kept are
in the house (or other place ap-
purtenant thereto) of the said—
_____. These are, therefore, to author-
ize and require you, with necessary
and proper assistants, to enter in-
to said house (or other place ap-
purtenant thereto) of the said—
aforesaid, and there diligently by
day or by night search for the said
contraband liquors, and if the
same or any part thereof shall be
found upon search, that you bring
the said liquors so found, and also
seize and bring all vessels, bar fix-
tures, screens, bottles, glasses, and
appurtenances, apparently used or
suitable for use, in or about such
liquors, take a complete inventory
of the same, and deposit the same
with the Sheriff, which said arti-
cles are there to remain, to be dis-
posed of as required by the provi-
sions of the Dispensary laws.

Given under my hand and seal,
this _____ day of _____ 189

_____, [L. S.]

Drop in Sugar.

Philadelphia, Jan. 3.—The recent
declining tendency in sugar prices
culminated yesterday in a cut of
one-quarter of a cent a pound in
granulated, which brought the net
price below the lowest quotation
on record. The price was fixed at
4 cents, less a rebate of 3-16 and 2
per cent. discount to cash buyers,
so that the net cost to jobbers was
3.74 per pound. The lowest pre-
vious count was 4 cents less the
cash discount, in the fall of 1891,
shortly after the removal of the
duties on raw sugars, and at the
time of the preckles competition
with the local refiners of this grade
of sugar. At the time, however,
there was no rebate, such as is now
allowed under the terms of the
agreement between the refiners and
the wholesale grocers; and the cur-
rent price is, therefore, the lowest
ever touched on refined sugar.

Here's Another Crank.

HE WANTS TO LIBERATE PENDER-

GRANT, CHICAGO'S MURDERER.

Chicago, Jan. 3.—There was great
excitement in the office of the
office of the Criminal Court clerk to-
day when a big countryman
stalked in and demanded an order
to see Pendergrast, the assassin.
"I intend to get him out of jail,"
said the visitor calmly. "He has
done nothing wrong in killing
Mayor Harrison. I demand his
freedom. If you will not let him
out you must let me see him and
then the Lord will help me to li-
berate him." Detective Rhoads came
in just then and calling a patrol
wagon induced the man to ride to
the Central Station where he told
his story.
"My name is Frederick A. Names,
and I live in Ottawa, Mich." said
he. "My business is to preach the
gospel and induce God to assist the
contrary hearts of the rich to help
the poor and needy. I want to get
Pendergrast out. He did right in
killing Carter Harrison. It was
for the good of the world. I had
been praying about it for several
days before he was killed. One
day when I was going to Engle-
wood I was told that Harrison had
been killed, and I knew my prayer
had been answered."

THE FIGHT BEGUN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—Mr.
McCreary, chairman of the foreign
affairs committee, offered a resolu-
tion setting apart next Friday and
Saturday for consideration of the
Hawaiian reports. Mr. Hitt sec-
onded the request but Mr. Boutelle
endeavored to call up his resolu-
tion relative to Hawaiian affairs
offered before recess. Turner held
that Boutelle's resolution was not
privileged and made the point of
order against it. The chair, after
hearing Turner, held that Boutelle
had the right to call the matter
up.

The resolution was then read
and McMillan raised the question
of consideration, stating that he
wished to go ahead with the tariff
bill. McCreary then made another
effort to have Friday and Satur-
day set apart for consideration of
the Hawaiian matter. After some
discussion a vote was demanded on
the question of consideration rais-
ed by McMillan. A rising vote
resulted yes 57, nays 126. Bout-
elle demanded tellers, pending
which McCreary demanded the
yeas and nays. The latter was
agreed to and the clerk began the
roll call. It resulted yes 3, nays
135, showing that filibustering
had begun. Boutelle made the
point of "no quorum." McMillan
moved a call of the house. The
call disclosed the presence of 202
members, more than a quorum,
but later it disappeared when it
came to voting. The house, at 2
o'clock, adjourned without taking
up the tariff bill.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 3.—When
the vice president rapped the se-
nate to order at 12 o'clock
barely a score of senators
their seats. Immediate
reading of the jo-
Blackburn, of Kentucky, pre-
sented the credentials of Eppa Hun-
ton as senator elect from Virginia
to fill the unexpired term of the
late Senator Barbour. Hunton's
service hitherto being under the
appointment by the governor. The
oath was administered to the new
senator.

A resolution was offered by Frye
and laid on the table for the pre-
sent declaring that during the in-
vestigation as to Hawaiian affairs
there should be no interference on
the part of the United States gov-
ernment, by moral influence or
physical force, for the restoration
of the queen or the maintenance
of the provisional government, and
that our naval force there should
be used only for the protection of
the lives and property of Ameri-
can citizens. At 12.45 the senate
proceeded to the consideration of
executive business, and at 1.20 ad-
journed until tomorrow.—Green-
ville News.

Cotton Climbs Again.

New York, Jan. 3.—An advance
in Liverpool and smaller receipts
at the counted and uncounted in-
terior towns, reports of small stocks
at some of the interior towns and
the coverings of shorts as well as
some buying caused an advance of
5 to 7 points today, although at
the opening there was some de-
pression owing to the fact that the
first news from Liverpool was dis-
appointing. It is believed that the
receipts at the interior towns this
week will be considerably
smaller than those of last week.
Sales of 175,500 bales. Liverpool
advanced 1 1/2 to 2 points for future
delivery with spot sales 12,000
bales and the closing tone quiet
and steady. In Manchester yarns
were quiet and firm and in cloths
more business could have been
done at lower prices. New Or-
leans declined 1 to 3 points but
recovered this and advanced 7 to 9
points. There was an advance on
the spot prices of 1-16; sales of
133 bales for spinning and deliv-
eries on contracts of 2,100 bales.
There was an advance of 1-16 to 1/2
at seven of the southern markets.
The receipts at the ports were 32-
323 against 69,548 last week and
18,422 last year. Total thus far
this week 133,445 bales against
185,570 thus far last week. Ex-
ports today from ports 11,696 bales
to Great Britain, 5,790 to the con-
tinent. New Orleans receipts to-
morrow estimated at 11,000 against
12,892 on the same day last week
and 9,107 last year.

No. 3.

Teacher's Column.
W. W. F. BRIGHT, Editor.
"What does School Commission
Bright think of having his sal-
ary of \$300 per year?"
Same guaranteed for 20 years from
Jewelry and Holiday Goods at reduced prices.
It is reported
in the
the

We also have a large stock of Silver

Jewelry and Holiday Goods at reduced prices.

It is reported

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